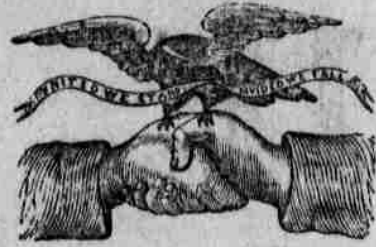


DEMOCRATIC PIONEER

UPPER SANDUSKY, OCT. 13, 1850.



An Attempt to Mob us.

On the Second Tuesday of October—that ever memorable day, when Ohioans exercise the rights of suffrage—the first and best of all blessings that freemen are endowed with—gained and given to us by our worthy and patriotic forefathers, whose names have been signed to the Declaration of Independence—thus preserving to us our liberties and the privileges that the God of Nature intended for us. On this great day, many of our fellow citizens went to the different polls in the county; and we, among the rest, not dreaming that our country was infested with a cowardly mob of villains, went to Jackson township. While there, six or seven bullies from Mersailles came for the purpose above named. One of them was sent into the house to meet and greet us as a friend, while the others were kept out, fearing mistrust of what was going on; and he had the audacity to carry it out with the impudence of old Satan. He approached us and spoke in the most friendly terms—“how do you do, friend Giles?” We spoke in return. He then said he wanted to talk privately, and asked us to walk out with him, which we unhesitatingly did.

Before getting off of the porch, he said he had “a crow to pick with us to walk some distance with him;” all understood by his companions, that after getting us out from the house, they would surround us, so that we could not get to the house in such an emergency as this. When we were led to the spot selected—distant from the house so that our friends could not hear us in the hour of distress, or come to our relief—they all jumped around us, as if to say,—we got you now.

Their countenances bore the most corrupt design; their fiendish eyes gave expressions that led us to believe that their hearts were so tickled with the “old boy” as to place our life in their brutal hands. At this moment our heart was full of agony, and almost bleeding to think there were men in the country who would thus take a lone stranger, and use him thus barbarously.

Directly after we were surrounded, the big little bully, McGavren, threw off his coat and declared he would whip us.—What a great little brave fellow he was, when he had five or six bullies to back him—swearing they would have a kick at us as we would fall! McGavren struck us several blows in the breast—swearing by all that was good and bad he had weapons, for he was told so at Brownstown. Did he suppose if we had, that we would have stood and let such insults be heaped upon us? If we would have had weapons he would not have struck us so often, for if we ever in our life could have been or was aggravated to use anything of the kind, it was at that time.

While we were in this position, asking for quarter, one of our very special friends in the house heard us and ran to our rescue. When he found we were being abused, he stepped between us and the man that was striking us and told us to go to the house. When we started, up stepped Mr. Lewis Merriman (a man of notoriety by the way) begging of our friend to let us be whipped; as, he said, we so richly deserved it. But our friend, a true-hearted man, would not swerve from the integrity and friendship existing between us, but said, “never shall he be hurt as long as I am here.” A friend in the time of need is really a true one; and his name and the names of those who befriended us in that hour, shall be sacred in our bosom the longest day we live.

Had we been surrounded by Indians of the most savage character, and made the appeals that we did to those white savages they would have shrunk from the scene, and not treated us half so bad! Could we tell our feeling, or describe the scene as it actually took place, it would be as an imaginary picture untold of in the history of mankind.

It is not necessary for us to make a long preface to this story, at this time; as we expect to be called upon to notice it again, and make the names and characters of the individuals conspicuous.

Nine Times Nine For Ohio!

The election of Reuben Wood is a fixed fact. We have not received the precise returns, but their majority will be something like 10,000. Poor Booby!

The democrats have a majority over the whigs in the House; the whigs over the democrats in the Senate. The free-soilers hold the balance of power in both branches of our State Legislature.

New Steamship Line.

We learn from a communication in the Philadelphia N. American that, in view of the operations of the Great Central Railroad, of which the O. & I. road, passing through our place, is a continuation, a new line of Steamships is about to be put under way, to ply between Philadelphia and the ports of Europe; thus opening to the citizens where the road passes through a direct communication not only to our eastern sea-board but to the eastern continent.

Taking all things into consideration, our citizens could never have gone into anything more likely to increase their wealth and prosperity than this railroad project. Fifty thousand dollars could not have been better invested by this county than in railroad stock, in this great “back-bone line.”

After the Railroad is completed the people of Wyandot county will soon learn that there is more gained by it than ever they anticipated. There will be a continual rivalry between two great cities, which will give to the producer a good market—one that will be regular. The western country will be extensively accommodated by such a thoroughfare, when they in no other way could be.

Lake Erie and Mad River Railroad.

It appears by the Auditor of State's report, that the State owned \$293,050 of stock in this company, on which she received last year stock dividends to the amount of 36,600—over 12 per cent.—From the following which we copy from a Sandusky City paper there appears to be a large increase in the business for the present year:

1850.	Passengers	Freight	Total
July	\$24,366 06	\$12,390 71	\$37,256 77
August	22,980 63	31,249 89	54,230 52
Sept.	26,231 94	32,962 92	59,244 86
Total	53,628 63	77,103 52	150,732 15
Same of 1851	79,191 19	40,290 56	92,081 75

Increase 21,837 44 26,812 96 58,650 40

The above is a most gratifying exhibit of the increase of business of this great thoroughfare for the past three months. The figures speak for themselves. In regard to the Mansfield road we are informed that the business is so much more than was anticipated, that it is not able to do the freighting business required.

The picaune editor of the *Kenton Republican*, has become notorious of late, and more courageous than we would have supposed he could under the circumstances that induced him to serve his particular friends at Mersailles, who feed him on sugar candy. He has sucked the teat of iniquity until his “moral courage” has been raised to fight for the devil and all his limbs. He selects the game he shoots for, and the “old critter” is his weapon; so let him go it, and if he makes three times three we'll credit him.

RETURNED FROM CALIFORNIA.—Col. Andrew McElvain is now in Columbus, just on his return from the gold region.—We understand the old gentleman is in good health, and intends coming up here next week. His fellow citizens will rejoice to take him by the hand and greet him home.

Whenever men want to discontinue our paper, let them call and settle with us before ordering the paper stopped.

Judge Turner was President of the Agricultural fair at Cincinnati. They say he is some on turning back summer sets.

We have heard it said that Wyandot could produce three of the greatest judges in Ohio. Well, there is nothing surprising in this.

A GOOD JOKE.—As we were sauntering up street early the other morning, we met an old Irishman, with his spade on his shoulder, slowly, but surely, making his way towards the north end of town.

“Good morning Pat,” we said.

“Good mornin' yerself, an' see how you lak it,” returned Pat.

—We've forgotten the rest of the joke; but D. & W. Ayres have received an awful pile of new goods, lately, and sell them very cheap for cash or produce; and we can scarcely think of anything else.

New Establishment.

J. G. & H. P. ROBERTS are receiving and opening a splendid lot of groceries. They occupy the building formerly used by J. W. Senseney as a store-room. Call and see them.

SARTAIN'S Magazine for November has come to hand. It is a splendid number, and really worthy of its title. It contains original articles from twenty different celebrated authors, and seventeen embellishments.

BOUNTY LAND BILL.

This act being one in which a great many persons are interested, we insert a copy of it, as it has now become the law of the land, as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That each of the surviving, or widow or minor children of deceased commissioned and non-commissioned officers, musicians, or privates, whether of regulars, volunteers, rangers or militia, who performed military service in any regiment, company or detachment in the service of the United States, in the war with Great Britain declared by the United States of the 18th day of July 1812, or in any of the Indian wars since 1790, and each of the commissioned officers who was engaged in the military service of the United States in the late war with Mexico, shall be entitled to lands as follows: those who engaged to serve for twelve months or during the war, and actually served nine months, shall receive one hundred and sixty acres; and those who engaged to serve six months and actually served four months, shall receive eighty acres, and those who engaged to serve for any, or an indefinite period, and actually served one month shall receive forty acres. Provided, That whenever any officer or soldier was honorably discharged in consequence of disability in the service before the expiration of his period of service he shall receive the amount to which he would have been entitled had he served the full period which he engaged to serve: Provided, The person so having been in service shall not receive said lands, or any part thereof, if it appears by the muster rolls of his regiment or corps that he deserted, or was dishonorably discharged from service or if he has received, or is entitled to any military land bounty under any act of Congress heretofore passed.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, &c., The period during which any officer or soldier may have remained in captivity with the enemy shall be estimated and added to the period of his actual service, and the person so detained in captivity shall receive land under the provisions of this act in the manner that he would be entitled, in case he had entered the service for the whole term made up by the addition of the time of his captivity, and had served during such term.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, &c., That each commissioned and non-commissioned officer, musician and private, for whom provision is made by the first section hereof shall receive a certificate, or warrant from the Department of the Interior for the quantity of land to which he may be entitled and which may be located by the warrant, or his heirs at law, at any land office in the United States, in one body, and in conformity to the legal subdivisions of public lands in such district then subject to private entry; and upon the return of such certificate or warrant, with evidence of the location thereof having been legally made, to the General Land Office, a patent shall be issued therefor. In the event of the death of any commissioned, non-commissioned, officer, musician or private, prior or subsequent to the passage of this act, who shall have served as aforesaid, and who shall not have received bounty land for said services a like certificate or warrant shall be issued in favor and enure to the benefit of his widow, who shall receive one hundred and sixty acres of land, in case her husband was killed in battle, but not to her heirs. Provided, She is unmarried at the date of her application. Provided further, That no land warrant issued under the provisions of this act shall be laid on any of the United States, to which there shall be a pre-emption right, or upon which there shall be an actual settlement and cultivation, except with the consent of such settler, to be satisfactorily proven to the proper land officer.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, &c., That all sales, mortgages, letters of attorney or other instruments of writing going to affect the title or claim to any warrant or certificate issued, or to be issued, or land granted, or to be granted, under the provision of this act, made or executed prior to the issue, shall be null and void, to all intents and purposes whatsoever; nor shall such certificate or warrant, or land obtained thereby, be in any way effected by, or charged with, or subject to the payment of any debt or claim incurred by such officer or soldier prior to the issuing of the patent. Provided, That the benefits of this act shall not accrue to any person who is a member of the present Congress. Provided further, That it shall be the duty of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior to cause to be located free of expense, any warrant which the holder may transmit to the General Land Office for that purpose, in such State and land district as the holder or warrantee may designate, and upon good farming land so far as the same can be ascertained from the maps, plats, and field notes of the surveyor or from any

other information in the possession of the local office; and upon the location being made, as aforesaid, the Secretary shall cause a patent to be transmitted to such warrantee: And provided further, That no patent issued under this act shall be delivered upon any power of attorney or agreement dated before the passage of this act; and that all such power of attorney or agreements be considered and treated as null and void.

OFFICIAL.

The Bounty Land Bill.

The Congress of the United States having in a spirit of justice and liberality passed an act “granting bounty lands to certain officers and soldiers who have been engaged in the military service of the United States,” the President has esteemed it no less a privilege than a duty to adopt all the means in his power to give prompt & efficient operation to this beneficent measure.

I deem it proper, therefore, to advise those entitled to the benefits of the law, that with his sanction I have caused all the necessary forms and instructions to guide claimants in applying for and obtaining their rights to be prepared, and they are now in the hands of the printer. At the earliest practical moment, copies of these papers will be forwarded to each member of Congress, and to the clerk of the court of every county in the United States.

It will be his purpose to administer the law in such a manner as to make it what Congress designed it to be, a bounty to the soldier, and not to agents and speculators. The forms and mode of proof have therefore been made as simple as possible, and every facility will be afforded to applicants to establish their just demands. Clerks are now engaged in preparing from the rolls on file certificates of service, in order that those who have not received discharges or have accidentally lost them, may not be disappointed in obtaining their just reward.

The policy of this law in all its provisions is to discourage speculation in the claims of soldiers. The act provides that all sales, mortgages, letters of attorney, or other instruments of writing going to affect the title or claim to any warrant herein before provided for, made or executed prior to the issue, shall be null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever, nor all such certificate or warrant, or the land obtained thereby, be in any wise affected by or charged with, or subject to the payment of any debt or claim incurred by such officer or soldier, prior to the issuing of the patent.

In his judgment the issue contemplated in the body of the above recited clause of the law is the issue of the patent. Consequently all sales, transfers, assignments, and incumbrances of soldier's land-claims, made before the emanation of the patents, are void, and will be disregarded by the government. Speculators are therefore admonished that they can acquire no rights by purchase, which will be recognized by this department.

I feel it my duty also, to warn the frank and confiding soldier against the acts and devices of agents who seek to exaggerate the difficulties of obtaining the land in order to enhance their own charges. The evidence of service exists among the archives of the country. In nine cases out of ten, the only proof required will be of the identity of the applicant or of marriage and widowhood, or heirship. These are facts readily proved, and therefore the difficulties will in most cases be merely nominal. And to remove even these slight obstacles, and to give more full and complete effect to the munificence of government, I beg leave respectfully to recommend to the proper authorities of each county and township to employ a suitable agent, at the expense of the county, to supervise the preparation of the applications and proofs of claimants. The ignorant and unwary would thus be protected from imposition, the poor soldiers from burdens they are not able to bear, and the government from many embarrassments which may result from the awkwardness of incompetent agents.

In conclusion, I desire to say, that great care will be used to guard against undue preference of one class of applicants over others. With this view, at a proper time, a sufficient number of clerks will be employed to issue the certificates with the least possible delay, so that all may have an equal chance of making advantageous locations.

ALEX. H. H. STUART.

Secretary of the Interior.
Washington city, Oct. 3 1850.

A CHANCE—A few miles from this village is a fine and well appointed place, near the entrance to which a sign in large letters informs the world that “This place is for Sale.” We would recommend the young lady, thus unceremoniously alluded to, to call and take possession. Whether “Sal” is a daughter of the owner of the place, and this sign is held out as an inducement for to stay young gentlemen in search of wives we cannot say but it looks suspicious.

Official Abstract of Votes given in Wyandot County Ohio, Oct. 8, 1850.

	Governor.	Board of P. Works.	Congress.	Sen.	Rep.	C. Com.	Railroad Sub.
	Edwards Smith. Reuben Wood. William Johnston.	Alex. P. Miller. Alex. G. Conover.	Uriah Seely. John C. Spink.	Michael Brackley. Michael Brackley.	Henry Bishop. Wilson Vance.	John Welch. Rodney Poole.	John Welch. Rodney Poole.
Crane,	145 181	2 148 182	1 145 182	119 211	148 180	149 178	319 12
Tymonice,	83 183	84 182	84 180	99 158	86 179	87 176	122 136
Crawford,	112 119	112 119	39 119	39 111	39 119	39 119	22 199
Pitt,	89 64	89 63	24 64	24 62	24 64	22 63	34 113
Sycamore,	65 54	64 54	65 54	64 63	64 54	70 46	96 9
Mersailles,	67 46	68 46	46 46	42 46	46 47	47 47	117
Miffin,	31 65	31 66	28 65	28 68	28 66	28 66	59 34
Antrim,	40 40	70 40	63 40	63 40	63 40	65 38	31 75
Richland,	31 47	31 47	30 47	30 47	29 47	30 47	61 14
Kalam,	48 56	48 56	46 56	45 57	46 56	45 56	65 29
Ridge,	15 41	15 40	7 41	7 40	7 40	7 40	4 50
Eden,	31 54	31 54	30 54	30 53	30 54	29 55	79 2
Jackson,	10 52	10 51	5 51	5 51	5 51	5 51	19 41

It is said that a small piece of resin dipped in water placed in a vessel on the stove, will add a peculiar property to the atmosphere of the room, which will give great relief to persons troubled with a cough. The heat of the water is sufficient to throw off the aroma of the resin, and gives the same relief as is afforded by a combination of the resin. It is preferable to combustion, because the evaporation is more durable. The same resin may be used for weeks.

An Editor Turned Landlord.

DIMMOCK, of the Holmes County Farmer, has gone to feasting the public in another way. Instead of editorials and local brevities, he now gives them beef and bacon, prayers and provender. We shall stop with Dimmock. We know, in addition to the eatables, he will have on file all the best newspapers in the country, thus providing a desirable feast for his guests. Pass him around, brother editors.—*Plain Dealer.*

If a man cheats you, quit dealing with him; if he is abusive, quit his company; if he slanders you, play him, and take care to live so that nobody will believe him. No matter who he is or how he misuses you, the best way is just to let him alone; for nothing is better than this cool, calm, quiet way of dealing with wrongs we meet.

GUARDIAN'S SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Washington county, Ohio, I will offer at public sale at the door of the court house in Marietta, Ohio, on Saturday the 26th day of October, next, between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 2 o'clock P. M. the following real estate, situate in Wyandot county, Ohio, and being the undivided half of the south half of the southeast quarter of section eleven; also of the north half of the north east quarter of section fourteen, township three south, range 12 east, subject to the dower of Mary Webster. Terms: one half in hand and the balance in 12 months.

WILLIAM MCNEEL.

Guardian of minor heirs of
JOHN L. WEBSTER, dec'd.
Oct. 1st, 1850.—30—4w.—\$1.75.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

The subscriber has been appointed and qualified as administrator on the estate of Johnathan P. Brady, late of Sycamore township, Wyandot county, Ohio, deceased; in the place of Benj. Knapp, resigned.
JOHN KISOR.
September 1st, 1850.—30—3t.

ROAD NOTICE.—A petition will be presented to the commissioners of Wyandot county, at their next December session, praying for the location and establishment of a county road, commencing at the Mt Blanchard and Crawfordville road, one quarter of a mile west of section two, in township two south, range twelve, east, running thence south to the town of whattown, the place of termination.
September 30, 1850.—30—4t.—

SALE OF REAL ESTATE IN CRAWFORDSVILLE.

On the 29th day of October—A. D. 1850 between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. & 4 o'clock P. M. on the premises hereinafter described I will sell to the highest bidder the following real estate as the property of James W. Marmon deceased, to wit: Lots no 43—44—45 and 46, in the town of Crawfordville Wyandot county Ohio to be sold by me as administrator of said deceased under an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Logan County Ohio, made at the July term A. D. 1850.

Terms of Sale.—One third cash in hand, one third in one year and one third in two years from the day of sale with interest to be secured by mortgages on the premises. Appraised at \$15 each.
HENRY COWGILL, Adm'r.
September 29th, 1850.—28—5t.—

LAND WARRANT.

PERSONS wishing to purchase Land warrants will do well by calling at the Pioneer office. All warrants guaranteed to be genuine.
E. GILES.
Upper Sandusky, Number 15th, 1849.

NOW FOR BARGAINS.—Several small improved farms adjoining town for sale. For terms apply to
W. KING.

WILLIAM KING constantly keeps on hand sash, wood boards and panel doors for sale or trade; all orders for work promptly attended to.

LIST OF LETTERS.

Remaining in the Post Office on the 1st of October, 1850, which, if not taken out before the 1st day of January next, will be sent to the Dead Letter Office as dead letters.

Beatty William	Hart Sebastian 3
Baughman Abraham	Heistand William H
Bowers Mary	Holmes B D & Co
Bonner J R	Houp Mr
Baker Christopher	Harris William H 2
Byner C E	Kinkbride J M
Baskirk Isaac C	Klein Jacob
Beckers Abraham	King Peter C
Bollard Solomon	Lowery Robert
Brinker George	Lung Rev H
Bainbridge R S	Miller James H
Barlor C P	McKenzie Roderick
Bechtold Christian J	Murray David
Barnes John W 2	McClary Alexander
Beery William J	Monroe Charles
Cox Shirdin	McMurtre Horace
Clarke Cabel C	Nigh Israel
Carney S G	Otis Edward
Curtis Miles	Phillips Andsell
Davis J	Ritter Joseph
Daguerrean Artist	Roads John
Any	Roads George
Furgusson James 2	Rummell Francis
Editor Western Foundry	Smith Ransom V
Forndren John	Smith Frederick
Fink John	Snyder John
Gastelower Mr	Straw Joel
Grunley Joseph	Swartz Jacob
Gillet F C	Smith John
Graham Rev R	Spaulding & Avery
Grisell Thomas E	Terry Joseph L
Grilland James	Whealy Anthony
Hill Elias	Willett O W
Hall Thomas	Wheeler Harvey 2
Hoaglan Isaac	Wentling Mary Anne
Heard John	Wheeler Eliza
Heald W W	Zearing David
80	J W Brown, P. M

Upper Sandusky, Oct. 4, 1850.—30—3t.

GUARDIAN SALE OF REAL ESTATE BY ORDER OF COURT.

ON the 21 day of November, A. D. 1850, at two o'clock, P. M., at the door of the court house in Upper Sandusky, will be sold to the highest bidder the following real estate situate in the county of Wyandot, and bounded and described as follows to-wit: commencing at the north east corner of lands belonging to Marrah Hart, thence south 87 1/2 degrees, west 10 chains and 39 links to a post, thence north 3 degrees, west 22 chains and 58 links to a post; thence north 88 degrees, east 10 chains and 39 links to a post; thence south 3 degrees east 20 chains and 38 links to the place of beginning, containing 23 acres and 42 hundredths of an acre; being a part of the north east corner of the west half of the south west quarter of section thirteen in township one and south 13 range thirteen.

WILLIAM BRAYTON,
Guardian for ROSSETTA HART.
September 25th, A. D. 1850.—30—4w.

BENJAMIN CHILSON, Anne Chilson, Benjamin Chilson, woodrough, Chilson, Thomas M Chilson, Jackson Chilson and Rachel Baughman will take notice that a petition was filed against them on the 21st day of August, A. D. 1850, in the Court of Common Pleas, within and for the county of Wyandot and State of Ohio by John Bruce and wife, and is now pending against them the said John Bruce and wife, demands partition of the following real estate to-wit: the north half of the south east quarter of section thirteen in township two south range twelve, & at the next term of said court, application will be made by said petitioners for an order that partition may be made of said premises.
S. R. MBANE, Atty for Petitioners.
September 20th, A. D. 1850.—30—4.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Pursuant to the command of a writ of Vendi Ex. issued from the Court of Common Pleas of Knox county, Ohio, to me directed, I shall expose to public sale at the door of the court house in Upper Sandusky, Wyandot county, Ohio, on the 24 day of November A. D. 1850, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M. of said day the following property to-wit: west half of the north east fractional quarter of section number four, in township No. two south of range No. thirteen, east of the Wyandot Reserve, Ohio, containing eighty three acres and sixty five hundredths of an acre, appraised at six hundred dollars.
CURTIS BERRY, Jr, Sheriff, w c o.
Sheriff's Office, October 1st, 1850.—30—4.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE BY ORDER OF COURT.

ON Tuesday the 5th day of November next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., at the door of the court house in the town of Upper Sandusky, will be sold to the highest bidder, the following real estate as the property of Clarissa Yates; an idiot, to-wit: the undivided east third part of twenty-five acres of land situate in the county of Wyandot, described as the south end of the east half of the east half of the south west quarter of section No 13, in township No 1 south, of Range No 15 east, appraised at 110 dollars.
Terms of Sale.—One third in hand, one third in one year, and one third in two years from the day of sale, with interest on the deferred payments, to be secured by mortgage on the premises.
THOMAS YATES, Guardian.
October 3d, 1850.—30—1w.—\$1.50.

PERSONS wishing to get BIBLES at cost can be supplied by calling on W. King who also has on hand a supply of books belonging to the American Tract Society for sale cheap for cash. Office adjoining the Pioneer office. (17)